



Gramin Samassya Mukti Trust

ANNUAL REPORT 2017-18



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From the Chairperson's Desk

I am glad to publish the annual report of Gramin Samassya Mukti Trust (GSMT) for the financial year 2017-2018. This annual report is an effort to portray the activities performed by GSMT. In this year we have focused to root the self-governance at grass-root level.

GSMT has served as the premier institution for promotion and support of grass root organizations involved in rural development. Over the time, several of its initiatives have been recognized as "good practices" and have been replicated in other areas and have even helped formulate public policies.

At this stage, I would like to thank our members who have been with us all these years. I would also like to congratulate and thank all the Communities, Trustees, Members and Staff of our Society for their sincere and tireless efforts. Finally, I would like to offer my heartfelt gratitude to our mentors and supporters, Government and Voluntary organizations, partners for their continuous guidance and hand holding support. I am happy to present this report, in which we have highlighted the various activities and events that have empowered the community throughout the last year. Thank you for your time and interest in going through this report! We expect your continued support, cooperation and best wishes!

Dr. Kishor Moghe
Chairperson

Gramin Samassya Mukti Trust- A Genesis

Founder member of the Gramin Samassya Mukti Trust, Dr. Kishor Moghe (MD in Homoeopathic medicine) studied in Antarbharti Homoeopathic Medical college and also worked with another voluntary organization in Amravati district of Maharashtra. During that period he came across many issues of the downtrodden people and got motivated to work for them. Dr. Moghe decided to work for the tribal people from Yavatmal district of Maharashtra. After a detailed study and analysis of the issues, he discussed the concept with likeminded, committed friends. Friends assured to support for the cause and for sustainable livelihood of rural tribal community. First meeting was held at *Jalka* village where the group discussed on the situation of rural tribal area, their need and scope of work. They all took the pledge to work for the issues of underprivileged and disadvantaged rural poor, thus the organization named as ‘**Gramin Samassya Mukti Trust**’ was established.

Gramin Samassya Mukti Trust is a registered, non-profit, voluntary organization has been active in the rural tribal development since 1991. GSMT works to resolve the livelihood, health and educational issues, which are interlinked. Organization is working with most ignored, socially and economically oppressed communities to achieve the sustainable development with special emphasis on women empowerment.

Vision

“Healthy, Self Reliant & Self Governed Community”

Mission

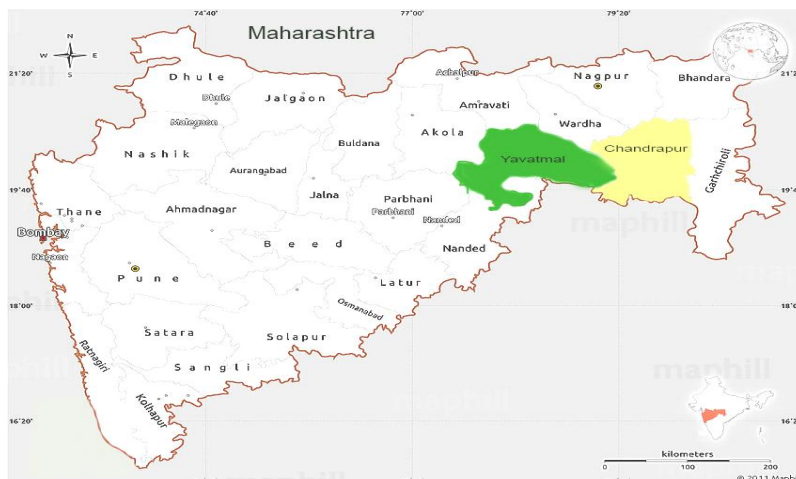
“Capacity building of Panchayati Raj institutions and community based organizations for sustainable development regarding Livelihood, Health and Education”

Objectives

- To enhance the capacities of village panchayats and community based organizations to accelerate the process of sustainable development
- To organize the farming community for secured and sustainable management of agriculture and coordinate with government and other institutions for the same
- To strengthen the community based organizations for efficient forest management to promote livelihood based on forest produces
- To build the capacities of community based organizations to encourage community to be healthy through safe behaviour and safe life style.
- To mainstream underprivileged children from rural, tribal and slum areas in education to make them responsible citizens.
- To organize and strengthen women to actively participate in development process related to livelihood, health and education

Working Area

Gramin Samassya Mukti Trust (GSMT) is involved in rural and tribal development. Organization works mainly with socially and economically oppressed tribal communities. It works in Yavatmal and Chandrapur districts of Maharashtra.



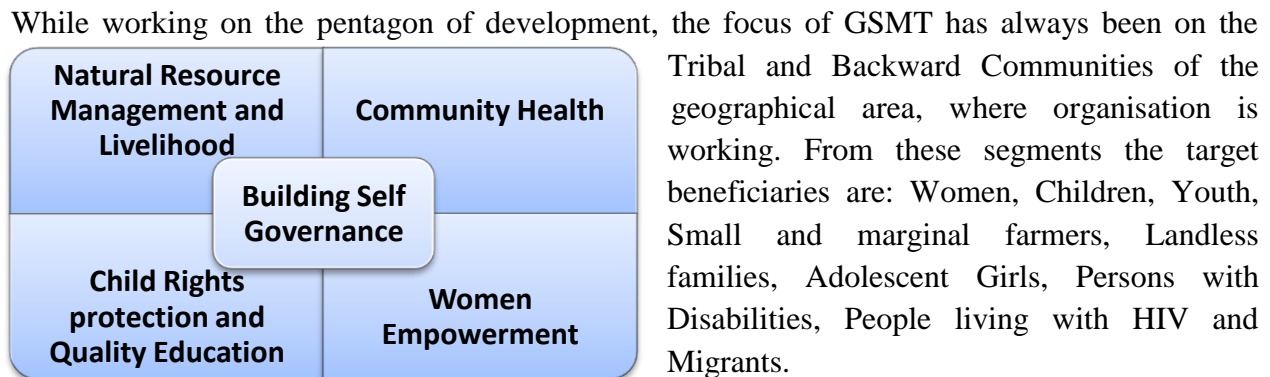
Target Population

GSMT works in Yavatmal and Chandrapur districts of Maharashtra in 2067 villages of 1199 Gram *Panchayats* across 17 blocks. The segregation of the population is reflected in the following table:

| SN | GSMT Thematic Area | Beneficiaries/target group | Total |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | NRM & Livelihood | Tribal | 24913 |
| | | Farmers | 24318 |
| | | Labor | 10308 |
| | | Youth | 1302 |
| | | Single Women | 3102 |
| 2 | Community Health | Female sex worker (FSW) | 1410 |
| | | Men who have sex with Men (MSM) | 1036 |
| | | Migrant Laborer | 10000 |
| | | Person living with HIV (PLHIV) | 6571 |
| | | Persons With Disabilities | 3137 |
| 3 | Child Protection & Quality Education | Children | 23809 |
| Total (Self Governance, NRM & Livelihood , Community Health, Child Protection & Quality Education, Women Empowerment) | | | 109906 |

Interventions and Progress

GSMT has always believed in adopting a holistic approach to ensure sustainable and overall socio-economic growth for the rural and tribal communities it works for. Therefore, the programmatic interventions are spread across the five thematic areas which can be termed as the PENTAGON of Development.



While working with these segments of the society, efforts are being made by the organisation to include them in the development process. Following pages reflects the interventions carried out by the organization during the year and the impact of those interventions on the lives of the target communities



1. Building Self

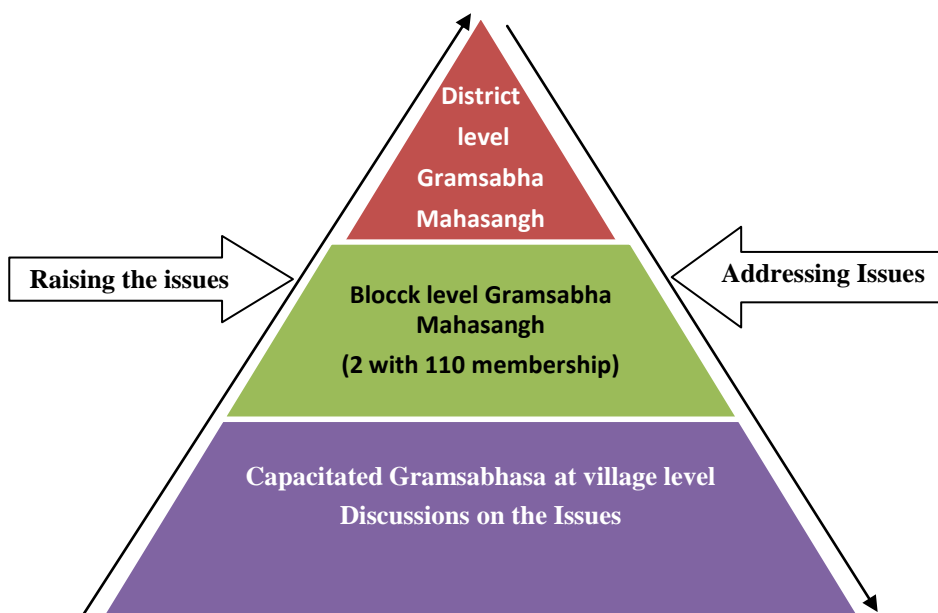
Governance

Building the capacities of the people is the key in the development process. People in the tribal and rural areas often lack the capacities to express themselves in the Three Tier System of Governance. GSMT has been working with the people over the last 20 years on this issue by undertaking various interventions. Presently, the organisation is working in 2067 villages of Chandrapur and Yavatmal districts of Vidarbha region.

The objective is ***“To enhance the capacities of Village Panchayats and community based organizations to accelerate the process of sustainable development.”***

1.1 Gramsabha Strengthening

Gramsabha is the core and basic institution in the three tier Panchayati Raj System. All the work of GSMT revolves around capacitating the Gramsabhas to strengthen the self-governance process at the villages level. GSMT works on the three pillars of the PRI System. At the village level focusing on the strengthening of the Gramsabhas through capacity building of the village Institutions and the Community Based Organisations; federating the Gramsabhas in to Mahasangh at the block level and district level, through which the issues of the people are raised at appropriate forums.



1.2 Community Based Organisations and Village Institutions

To strengthen the *Gramsabhas* and the *Mahasangh* at the Block and District level, GSMT has promoted various village level institutions and CBOs in all the villages. These CBOs and village institutions are being strengthened to address the various issues at the village level. Following table summarizes nature of the CBOs being promoted by the organisation:

| S.N. | Name of CBO | Numbers | Issues being Addressed |
|------|---|---------|---|
| 1 | Village Development Committees | 204 | Supervision of development process and strengthening <i>Gramsabhas</i> |
| 2 | Community Forest Right Management Committee (CFRMC) | 50 | Forest Conservation and Management Plan Development and implementation in consultation with <i>Gramsabhas</i> |
| 3 | Joint Forest Management Committee (JFMC) | 37 | Management of forest resources |
| 4 | Self Help Group (SHG) | 417 | Social, political and economic empowerment of women |
| 5 | Joint Liability Groups- | 110 | Economic Development of people with limited resources |
| 6 | Youth Group | 43 | Enhancing the participation of youth in development process |
| 7 | Learning Group (LG) | 40 | Agriculture development and allied activities |
| 8 | Farmers Group | 43 | |
| 9 | Village Child Protection Committees | 20 | Child Rights Protection |
| 10 | Child Groups | 20 | Child Participation |
| 11 | School Management Committee | 20 | Improving the quality of education |
| 12 | Volunteers | 65 | Facilitation of processes |
| 13 | Village level Disabled Peoples Organizations | 259 | Addressing the issues of people with disabilities |
| 14 | Adolescent Girls Groups | 20 | Reproductive Health |
| 15 | Action Groups | 35 | Addressing health issues at village level |

2. Natural Resource Management and Livelihood

GSMT has been working with the tribal and backward communities in Yavatmal district communities to enhance their livelihood through Natural Resource Management. Around 27547 families from 204 villages of Yavatmal district are benefited through the interventions. There are two major focus areas of interventions: Sustainable Agriculture and Forest Management.

2.1 Sustainable Agriculture

The objective of the interventions is *“To organize the farming community for secured and sustainable management of agriculture and coordinate with government and other institutions for the same”*. To achieve the above objective following interventions have been undertaken in the area.

2.1.1 Sustainable Agriculture Practices

i) Promotion of LEISA Techniques: Organization is working with **13817** farmers focusing optimum agricultural production by use of various LEISA techniques such as use of bio mass, use of cow dung manure, Dashaparni, Amrut Sanjivani, use of Nimark, promotion of local varieties of seeds, sowing across the slope, and crop diversification thereby reducing the input cost.



ii) Better Cotton Standard System: Cotton is the major cash crop of the area but over the period of time, the production of the cotton has reduced and the input cost has increased,



resulting in to farmers being trapped in the vicious debt circle. To pull the farmers from this situation GSMT has introduced the Better Cotton Standard System with 4138 farmers from 47 villages of Wani and Maregaon blocks of Yavatmal district. Training inputs have been given on IPM, INM and

maintaining the good quality of cotton, reducing child labor in cotton farm. Learning groups of the farmers developed.

iii) Ecological Farming:

Ecological farming is being practiced by 742 farmers on 859 Ha. of land. These farmers supported through various interventions such as use of traditional and local seed varieties, use of biodynamic compost promoted, farm bunding, bio mass management, weed management, pest management



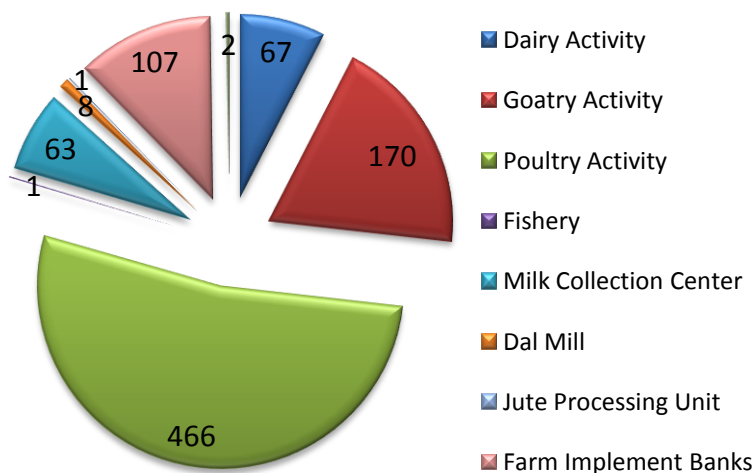
2.1.2 Watershed Based Soil Water Conservation and Irrigation

The focus of the soil and water conservation work is mainly on improving the soil structure and the availability of the water in the villages. The interventions undertaken included farm pond development, Cement *Nala* bunds, Graded *bunding*, *Nala* de-silting and deepening, de-silting of irrigation tanks, construction of low cost dug wells, loose bolder structures, Water Absorption Trench, continuous contour trench, earthen structures. Soil water conservation measures have been carried over 388 Ha. of land Along with that the pump sets and micro irrigation facilities have been provided to 10 farmers for irrigation.



2.1.3 Agri Based Enterprises

To supplement the income from the agriculture production following agriculture based enterprises have been started with 1436 families in 6 blocks of Yavatmal district:



2.2 Community Forest Management

GoI enacted Schedule Tribes (ST) and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act (also known as Forest Rights Act) to recognize forest rights of ST and other forest dwelling communities over forest land under their occupation or community use. GSMT has strived hard to get the community forest rights of the village communities in its project area. Organization has set the objective as *“To strengthen the community based organizations for efficient forest management to promote livelihood based on forest produces.”*

To achieve the above objective the interventions implemented in the working area of GSMT fall under the following three categories:

i) Capacity Building

To build the capacities of the people and the community based organizations, particularly the Community Forest Rights Management Committees, GSMT organized the trainings focused on:

- a. Development of systems for the management of the CFR areas
- b. Enhancing the skills for the sustainable harvesting of forest resources
- c. Developing the capacities of the people for the livelihood enhancement through forest produce based micro enterprises.

| S N | Training Theme | No. of Trainings | No of participant |
|-----|--|------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | System Development on Conservation and Management Plan preparation <i>(Participatory planning, Resource mobilization, Execution, Monitoring and advocacy)</i> | 8 | 430 |
| 2 | Skill Development for Sustainable Harvesting | 3 | 46 |
| 3 | Livelihood Enhancement through Micro Enterprise | 6 | 298 |
| | Total | 17 | 774 |

ii) Forest Protection Conservation and Management

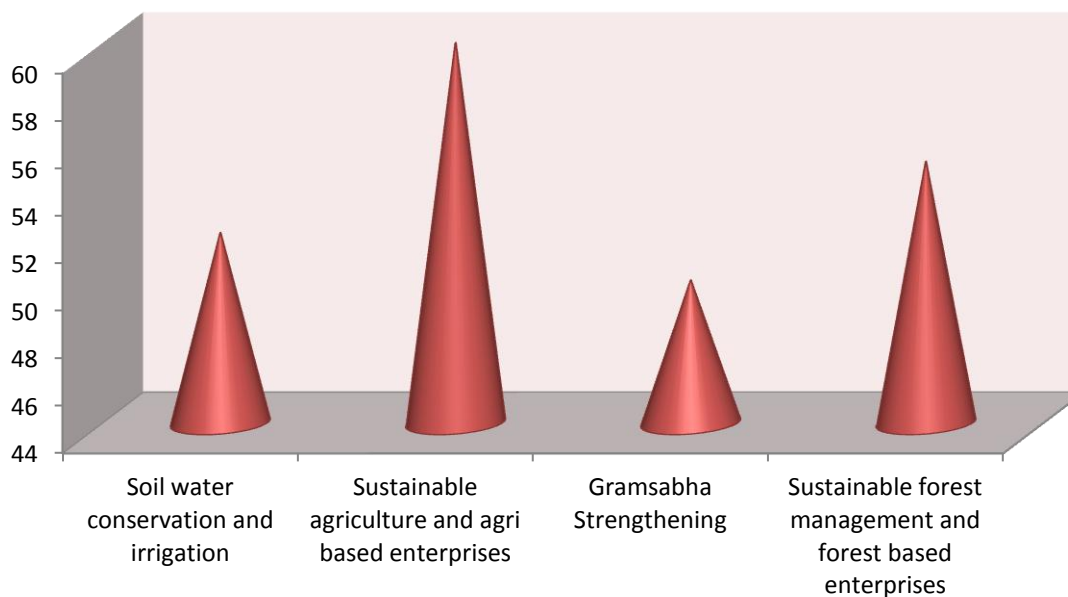
GSMT facilitated the process of Community Forest Claims in Yavatmal district, in coordination with the district administration. In eight forest division of Yavatmal district, the training of the functionaries was organized. Based on the training inputs the process of community forest claims was undertaken in 550 villages in campaign mode. As a result of the process, 550 villages from the district have got the CFRs of 320110 acres of forest area.

In 51 villages, GSMT facilitated the process of development of Forest conservation and Management Plans through CFRMCs. 41 villages have developed their management plans of which 35 villages have started the execution of Management plan through convergence with the government departments.



For the effective implementation of the management plans GSMT has developed 217 barefoot technicians in the villages. These Barefoot technicians have acquired the competencies in the different areas of execution

Status of Barefoot Technicians



iii) Forest Based Entrepreneurship

Tribal are mostly dependent on forest resources with its bio-diversity for subsistence income and existence. Nearly 40% of the livelihood needs of the indigenous communities are fulfilled from the forest resources. Considering this GSMT has developed the collectors groups on forest based entrepreneurship. 18 *Gramsabhas* from the working area of GSMT, which have received the CFRs, initiated the Tendu leaves management process in coordination with the *Gramsabha Mahasangh*. Earlier Tendu leaves collection was done by the forest department through contractors. As a result of the initiative taken by the *Gramsabhas*, 1085 *Tendu* leaves collectors got the wages and bonus of Rs. 58,61,200/-

In 10 villages, the groups purchased 203 quintals *Mahua* at the lower price during the season. This *Mahua* will be sold at the higher prices during the off season. The other forest based enterprises initiated in the area are as under:

| S.N. | Name of NTFP | No of villages engaged | Quantity Collected | Quantity Sold | Income from the Sale |
|------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Fishery | 2 | 6.57 Quintals | 5.50 Quintals | 55000 |
| 2 | Honey Unit | 2 | 7 Quintals | 5 Quintals | 15000 |
| 3 | Gum Unit | 1 | 15 Quintals | 11 Quintals | 22000 |



KEY ACHIEVEMENTS: NRM & LIVELIHOOD

- Due to promotion of LEISA techniques and ecological farming practices, input cost of the farmers reduced by Rs. 5000/- per acre, thereby increase in income. Incidences of poisoning among the farmers reduced
- The Due to crop diversification, the risk of crop failure reduced.
- The vegetables are available to the families, thereby reducing the expenditure on purchase of vegetables from the market. Also the availability of nutritional diet has increased.
- 3356 farmers adopted new sowing methods and increased the plants quantity.
- 22476 Qtl grown by the BCS System was directly purchased by Ginning Mills, thereby reducing the labor cost by Rs. 1123800/- which served as the additional income for the small farmers of the area.
- Watershed based soil water conservation and irrigation has helped in reducing the soil erosion, increasing the soil moisture and ground water table, thereby improving the soil fertility.
- Protective Irrigation is available for 198 Ha. of land resulting in to 20% increase in production of the farmers. 20 Ha. of land brought under Rabi crop cultivation.
- Promotion of agri based enterprises has resulted in availability of employment 1436 families thereby increasing their income by 10% to 15%. This has helped in arresting the migration.
- Forest Conservation and management plans of 41 villages are ready for implementation.
- 18 Gramsabhas having CFR titles have initiated Tedu leaves procurement process.
- 3 Forest based Enterprises started and are managed by women groups.
- The interventions on Natural Resource Management and Livelihood has resulted in to the convergence of Rs. 1,60,60,000/- in 60 villages of working area through different line departments.
- New 10 villages have initiated process for preparation of conservation and management plan.



3. Community Health

The focus of GSMT interventions on community health are targeted towards building the capacities of community based organizations to encourage community to be healthy through safe behavior and safe life style.

A healthy community is the foundation for achieving all other goals and for development in the true sense. Often, good healthy life and sanitation is taken for granted by people. Especially in the rural and tribal areas people tend to neglect this most important aspect of life.

The interventions carried out by GSMT during the year are broadly classified in to following areas:

3.1 Capacity building of local Institutions

GSMT is working with five Primary Health Centres in 35 villages on the concept of Community Based Monitoring of the health situation and the services in coordination with health department. Under the component of Community based monitoring for health, capacities of the communities are built to raise the health related concerns as well as to access the health services. Various groups such as Mother/ Care Givers Groups, Child Support Groups focusing on the disabled children, Village level Disabled People's Organisation, (VDPOs) have been formed at the village level. Also the groups of HIV affected people have been formed in the villages. Capacity building of these institutions is the core focus of work.

| S.N. | Capacity Building Interventions | Duration | No. of persons Trained |
|------|---|----------|------------------------|
| 1 | Mother/ Care Giver Group on Daily Living Skill | 1 | 30 |
| 2 | PRI Members on Disability Prevention | 4 | 120 |
| 3 | Child Support Group on support to children with disabilities | 8 | 80 |
| 4 | VDPO Members on formation, functions of VDPO and Disability Act | 1 | 56 |
| 5 | DDPO members on advocacy of PwD and the RPD Act 2016 | 1 | 32 |

To raise the issues of the disabled people with the appropriate authorities at block and districts level, Block level Disabled Peoples' Organization and District level Disabled Peoples' Organization have also been formed.

To improve the functioning of the PHCs, public hearing organised at PHC level and also at the block level. The impact of the Public Hearing is the improvement in the functioning of PHCs in terms of availability of medicines, regular immunization, and availability of Rabbis at PHC level and most importantly improvement in the behaviour of PHC staff resulting in to better functioning of PHCs.



3.2 Healthy Lifestyle

For the promotion of healthy lifestyle amongst the women, children people affected with HIV/AIDS, Migrants, Female Sex Workers, Male having Sex with Male and Migrant Labours. GSMT has focused on Nutrition, Reproductive Health and Behaviour Change, treatment and prevention.

i) Nutrition and other support: The focus of the nutrition program is on the children affected



with HIV. GSMT works with 501 HIV affected children in the age group of 0 to 18 years. Organisation has developed and provided the nutrition kit to 300 children. Along with that cloths and playing instruments are also distributed to the children. 144 children

have been linked with the child rearing schemes (Bal Sangopan Yojana) of the Govt. of Maharashtra. 2 children have been provided hostel facilities.

- ii) **Sexual and Reproductive Health:** Awareness sessions organised for pregnant women focusing on care to be taken during pregnancy, use of contraceptive methods for safe



distance, guidance to the adolescent girls on their reproductive health, use of sanitary napkins. Institutional deliveries are also promoted among the target population focusing on the advantages of safe deliveries. Information about the schemes of the government such as *Janai Suraksha Yojana*, use of Ambulance, immunization of both the pregnant

women, new born and children etc. is focus of the interventions.

- iii) **Behaviour Change:** GSMT is working with 20178 people living with HIV/AIDS, migrant labours, FSW and MSM. One to one session, one to group sessions and interaction games are organised with the HIV/AIDS affected and STI vulnerable groups in the working area. 3778 such sessions are organised during the year in the working area. These groups are motivated for prevention and precaution to be taken for healthy sexual relations. They are also made aware about the



reasons for HIV/AIDS and STI. Along with that the counselling is also done on prohibition of liquor and tobacco to lead a normal healthy life.

iv) Treatment and Prevention: Treatment and prevention plays a very vital role in the



rehabilitation of the FSW, MSM, Migrant and PLHIV Community. The first step in the treatment and prevention is the counseling of the targeted community. 20178 cases were registered during the year in the working area. GSMT has organized 7578 counselling sessions

with those cases. After Counselling following services have been provided to the registered persons:

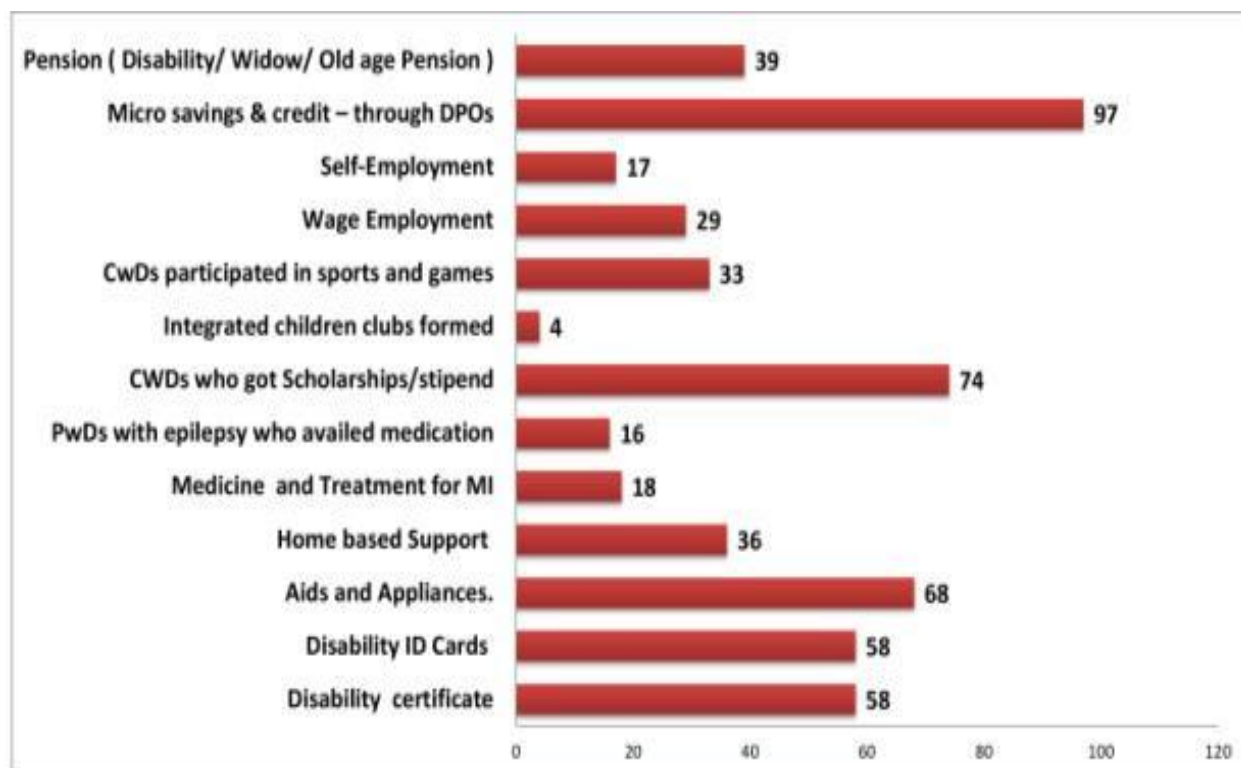
| S.N. | Services | Persons covered | Services | Persons covered |
|------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | STI Screening | 12880 | STI Treated and follow up | 709 |
| 2 | Regular Monthly Check up | 8278 | Presumptive Treatment | 112 |
| 3 | Syphilis Screening | 4810 | Syphilis Testing | 2143 |
| 4 | HIV Testing | 6761 | | |
| 5 | HIV New Reactive | 12 | Linked to ART | 12 |
| 6 | LFU tracking | 555 | TB Screening | 756 |
| 7 | Advocacy meeting | 19 | Mid Media Events | 16 |

Along with the above listed services 237 health camps have also been organised. 236 people have been linked with social benefits,

3.3 Community Based Rehabilitation for Persons with Disabilities

i) Village Level Interventions: On the issue of Community Based Rehabilitation for Persons with Disabilities, GSMT is involved in the direct implementation of the activities for the PwDs as well as networking with the other stakeholders at block and district level.

The focus of the Community Based Rehabilitation program is to treat the PwDs equal at par with the others in the community so that they can have the space and opportunities to realise their potentials. At the village level, Village Disabled Peoples' organisations have been formed in 58 villages of both Wani and Yavatmal blocks. While working with the PwDs the key focus areas of interventions are health, education, livelihood enhancement, social assimilation and empowerment. Following chart reflects the achievements in the above mentioned areas:



ii) Block level interventions: GSMT has facilitated the formation of Block level Disabled Peoples' Organization (BDPO) in Yavatmal and Wani blocks of the district. There are 60 General Members from 30 VDPOs and 11 Governing members in Wani BDPO & 56 General Members from 28 VDPOs and 11 Governing Members in Yavatmal BDPO. The key function of these BDPOs is to raise the issues and concerns of the people with the disabilities with the appropriate authorities at the block level as well as to disseminate the information relating to schemes and programs of the government at the villages level. The other function is to put forward the issues which are not resolved at block level to district level DPO.

iii) District Level Interventions: In the other six blocks of Yavatmal district the Block level



Disabled Peoples' Organisations have also been formed by the other organisations. GSMT facilitated the process for the formation of *Yavatmal Zila Viklang Manch* comprising of 8 BDPOs. 259 VDPO from 270 villages of 207 Gram *Pranchayats*. 3137 people with disabilities are the members

of District level organization. 32 DPO leaders are selected as General Body Members and from those 11 members with cross disabilities are selected as governing body members. Of the 11 Governing Body members, 4 are the female members.

3.4 Water and Sanitation

In 35 villages of Yavatmal block of Yavatmal district, GSMT has facilitated the formation of Village Health Sanitation and Drinking Water Committees. In these villages the groups of volunteers have been developed to assist in the health related issues and also to raise the health and sanitation related issues in the *Gramsabha*.

In Wani block member of the District level Peoples Organization facilitated the process of construction of the toilets in the village in coordination with the CBOs and women's groups in the village. Village Khandla has been declared as Open Defecation Free village

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS OF COMMUNITY HEALTH INTERVENTIONS

- 144 HIV affected children are linked with *Bal Sangopan Yojana* of Govt. of Maharashtra.
- 300 HIV affected children have been provided nutrition kit.
- 318 people have been trained in community health interventions.
- 709 people with STI are cured.
- 12 HIV positive people are living safe healthy life.
- 236 HIV affected people linked with social benefit schemes.
- Under 3% mandatory allocation and utilization of resources, 207 panchayats utilized the grant for the welfare of the PwDs benefitting 125 PwDs.
- 538 PwDs benefited through housing schemes.
- Yavatamal Zila Vikalang Mach strengthened for raising the issues of people with disabilities.
- With the efforts of DDPO mobility of 68 PwDs increased as a result of availability of aids and appliances
- 267 PwDs received Antyoday cards from Revenue (Tahsil) department resulting in to availability of extra ration and access to the govt. schemes on a priority basis.



4. Child Right Protection and Quality Education

GSMT believes that social organizations and the communities need to be involved in child rights protection and education and all children, irrespective of their gender, lineage, caste, and creed. The children should get equal opportunities for their growth and development so that they become self-reliant and responsible citizens of tomorrow. All the efforts of GSMT are directed towards *mmainstreaming underprivileged children from rural, tribal & slum areas in education to make them responsible citizens*. GSMT has undertaken the following activities during the year to achieve the objective:

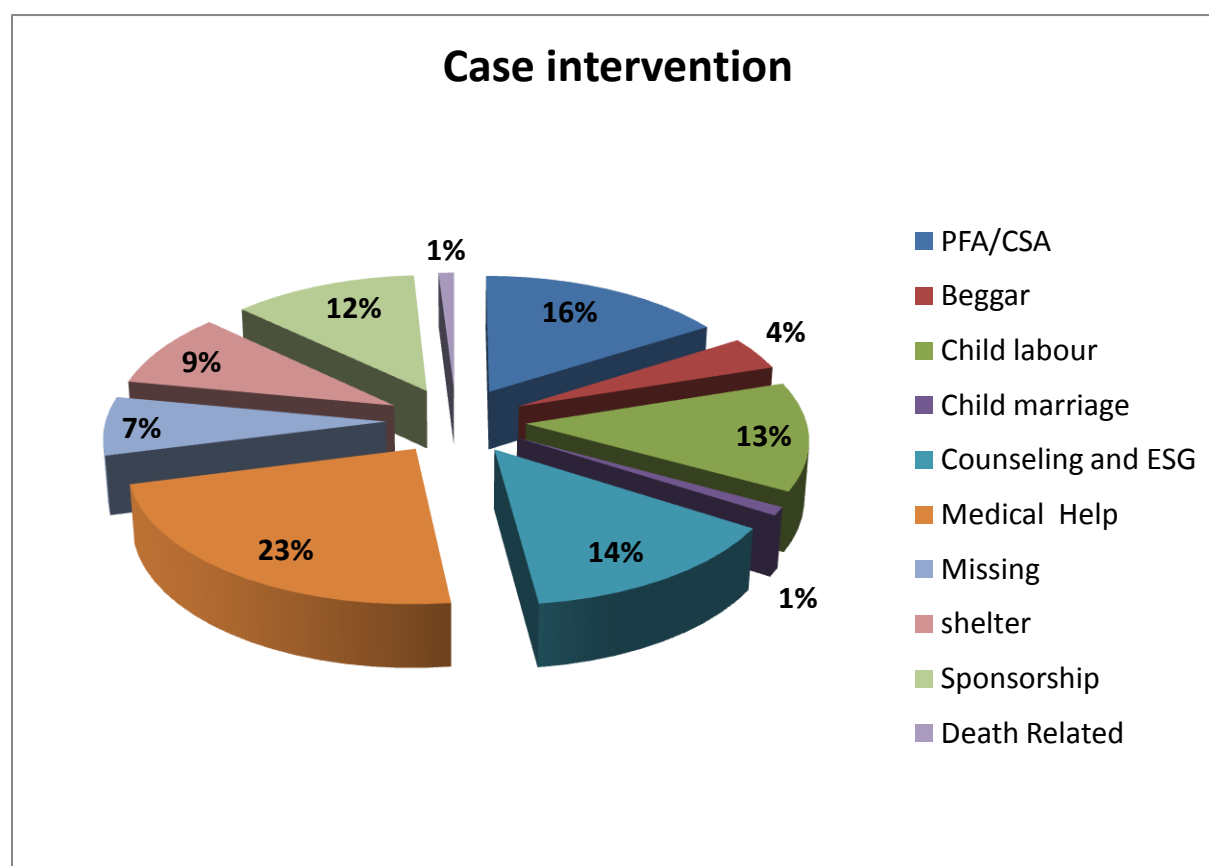
4.1 Child Rights Protection

i) Development of System for Child Protection: GSMT is implementing the Child Rights Protection Program in Yavatmal district. The organisation has been entrusted the responsibility of implementing the program in 8 Tahsils of district. In 20 villages of 2 Tahsils, organisation has formed the Village Child Protection Committees at village level. In all the 8 Tahsils 'Block level Child Right and Child Protection Committee' have been formed and strengthened. There are 17 members in each Block level Committee. Through the initiatives of BCPC 23 Anganwadis got playing material, furniture, 3 Anganwadis got water filter. One Child marriage prevented through the intervention of BCPC. Resolution about implementation and utilization of the 10% fund for Women and Child development and utilization of 25% fund in 14th Finance Commission has been passed in Gramsabhas. According to resolution now the village level Gramsabha's started the utilization of fund for the welfare of children and women.

GSMT has also been nominated as the Member in the District Level Child Protection Committee. Organisation has conducted the training program for the Anganwadi Supervisors in the district. These supervisors have trained the Anganwadi workers in the villages



ii) **Protection of Children with Special Needs:** GSMT is implementing Child Line 1098 program of Govt. of India in Yavatmal district. The program focuses on the tracking and rehabilitation of the children with special needs. During the year, GSMT has worked with the various categories of the children as reflected in the following graph:



4.2 Quality Education for Unprivileged Children

i) Education opportunities for the children of women with high risks: *Anand Bal Sadan* was established in Yavatmal and Chandrapur districts to enhance capacities of neglected, orphan children and also the children of female sex workers. Total 75 children have been benefited by *Anand Bal Sadan* and are undergoing mainstream education in different schools.



ii) Educational Facilities for the tribal and rural children: GSMT is also running a school, named as the Late Laxmibai Moghe High School in Jalka village, which falls under the Maregaon tribal block of Yavatmal district. This school provides educational facilities to the rural and tribal children in the region.

ii) Introduction to Basic Technology: To help children acquaint with the technology which will help them in shaping their carriers, GSMT has introduced the Basic Technology in the School. In IBT, students have been trained for their vocational education in various trades as construction of wall, gate, shoes stand, repairing of village level tools and agriculture implements, electric fitting, kitchen garden development, This helped in enhancing the skills of students.



4.3 Social and Financial Education



To inculcate the habit of savings among the children GSMT has started the initiative called as AFLATOUN and AFLATEEN. Program is implemented in 165 schools of Wani block. The major emphasis of the program has been on making the children aware about their surrounding environment and to make them realise that they can make the positive impact on the environment.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS OF CHILD RIGHTS PROTECTION AND QUALITY EDUCATION

- 35 Angawadi supervisor in 8 blocks in Yavatmal district became aware about Child Right Protection and their role regarding the same.
- 79 children got benefited with various Govt. schemes.
- In 20 villages through the 'Adolescent group' awareness about the 'Child Right and child Protection' was created and it helped in reducing child issues.
- One child abuse case is got benefited through 'Manodhairya Scheme'.
- Two Child marriages were successfully prevented.
- 12000 children and 1800 adolescent are now involved in financial and social activities and growing up as a responsible inhabitant.
- 2848 children's bank account opens in various banks through the Aflateen program. 1043 adolescents open their formal accounts in bank and started to save.
- 5 Girls in school have been linked with of Human Development Mission scheme being implemented by the Union Ministry of Human Resources Development and have got the bicycles..
- 2 girls participated in block level science exhibition and have been given certificates of participation.
- 11 children from *Anand Bal Sadan* have been enrolled in the professional courses which will help them in entering in to professional life.



5. Women Empowerment

GSMT believes that women empowerment is of utmost importance for any community to grow and prosper. Hence, Women Empowerment is the cross cutting theme across all the interventions of the organisation. The main focus has been *on organizing and strengthening women to actively participate in development process related to Livelihood, Health and Education*. Organization focuses on women empowerment through capacitating women through their groups and federation. GSMT has made it mandatory to involve 50% women in each committee and building their skills and capacities to bring them into mainstream. The key achievements are as under:

5.1 Organizing women through self-help groups

GSMT facilitated the process of self-help group promotion in the working area. Apart from that it is ensured that the women become integral part of the decision making processes at the village level. In the CFRMCs promoted in the 50 villages of working area, of the total members of the committees, 50% members are women.



5.2 Participation in the Governance

GSMT has always focused on the issue of women participation in the decision making processes at the village level. Organisation has made the conscious efforts in organizing women in the form of women Gramsabhas at the village level. In 16 villages women Gramsabhas are being conducted regularly. In these meetings the conservation and management plans of the villages are being reviewed by the women regularly.

Women Federation has been established in the working area of GSMT. 413 women are the members of this Federation. Women have also become the integral part of Gramsabha Mahasangh organized at the block level. Of the total membership of the Mahasangh, 50% members are women.

5.3 Women in Entrepreneurship

The income generation initiatives promoted in the working area are managed by the women. Of 67 household dairy units 52 are managed by the women. All the 46 poultry units are managed by the women self help groups. The Gum Processing Unit and 8 Dal Mills are also managed by the women from the working area. Mahua banks established in the working area are managed by the Women Federation. Not only that, in 18 villages, the Tendu leaves collection process was also managed by the women from those villages.



KEY ACHIEVEMENTS OF WOMEN EMPOWERMENT PROGRAM

- 355 women self help groups with 4235 women members are functional in the working area.
- 137 groups have deposited shares amount in federation account.
- 138 groups got loan of Rs. 1 crores 50 lakhs from ICICI bank. Out of that 100 groups have re-paid loan
- 107 enterprises from the working area are managed by the women.
- Enterprises viz. Dairy Unit, Poultry, Goat Rearing Unit, Jute Processing Unit and Dal Mills, Mahua Banks, Gum Collection and Gradation Centre are managed by the women.
- Male dominated enterprises such as *Tendu* Procurement processes are managed by the women from working areas of GSMT.

6. Policy, Advocacy and Networking

India is a welfare state where the government has the supreme responsibility for the welfare of its citizens. In our country, there are many acts and schemes that are put in place for the development of the poor and marginalized communities. Though the government and Voluntary sector is doing all the efforts for the proper implementation of these policies, many a times there are some pitfalls owing to large size of the population, lack of proper administration, lack of willpower and many other factors. Therefore, there is a need of strategic collective efforts. GSMT, therefore, is involved in policy advocacy and is working on the governance issues for making the citizens collectively responsible for the development of the society.

6.1 Implementation of Forest Rights Act

For the effective implementation of FRA and for 100% coverage of community forest rights for the forest dwellers in Yavatmal district, GSMT initiated the campaign in coordination with the district administration and organised sub division wise training for officials. The collective efforts yielded the better results in the form of more than 536 CFRs being approved and many are in process. Now there is need to capacitate CFRMC to prepare the management plans of the CFR areas and to coordinate for their proper implementation through convergence.

6.2 Empowerment of Gramsabhas

Gramsabhas have a very key role to play in the development of the village and especially in the Scheduled Areas. GSMT focussed on strengthening the *Gramsabhas* by making people aware about their roles and responsibilities in the with emphasis on the people's participation to make the most basic unit of democracy more functional in terms of effective planning, execution, convergence and monitoring. Since GSMT is working in the forest areas, to have a better say in the collective processing and marketing of the NTFPs, a collective of the Gramsabhas in the name of *Gramsabha Mahasangh* has been established in the area. Other major focus has been on the effective implementation of MGNREGS. During the reporting period, 3000 people from the working area have been benefitted in terms of getting employment and wages through MGNREGS.

6.3 Ensuring the rights of the people with disabilities.

In Yavatmal district the district level Disabled people organisation has been formed. In this organisation 8 block level organisations and People with Disabilities are involved. The District Level Organisation has prepared plan of action focusing on the issues and entitlements of the persons with disabilities. The organisation is also working to execute the plan through its block level structure. The Organization is continuously conducting meetings with various govt officials for the betterment of persons with disabilities and also for the effective implementation of the provisions of the various acts and schemes so the PwDs get their rights and entitlements.

6.4 GSMT Representation in Boards and Committee

GSMT has been nominated on the following Boards and Committees by the State Government

- Vidarbha Development Board
- District Planning Committee
- District Child Protection Committee
- District Convergence Committee
- District Aids Program Control Committee
- Regional Level Vishakha Committee Nagpur and Amaravati
- Liquor Prohibition Committee Wadgaon



7. GSMT AS A RESOURCE ORGANISATION

7.1 District Resource Organisation

GSMT is selected as a district resource organisation by the integrated watershed development programme (Vasundhara) especially for the capacity building of various institutions. The organisation has conducted various trainings and trained PTO master trainers, secretary, WDT and WC members thereby enhancing their skills. **9 Capacity building training programs were organised during the year on Jalyukta Shivar Abhiyan in which 1230 participants were trained.**



7.2 Manthan Training Center

GSMT has developed a well-equipped training centre at Yavatmal with support from Japan Counsalate. The training centre is well equipped with all the training facilities and residential facilities for 40 participants. Manthan Training Centre is used for organising various events such as Organisation Development Initiatives, Training of the Programme Staff and also hosting the meetings of the various networks. Following chart reflects the various events organised at Manthan Training Centre during the year 2017-18:

| S.N. | Level of Events | Number of Events | Topics Covers | Participants |
|------|-------------------|------------------|--|--------------|
| 1 | Organisation | 5 | Finance Management, Program Management, Resource Mobilization, Networking, Capacity Building of core staff | 47 |
| 2 | Program Execution | 18 | Capacity building of program staff, Planning and Review of the programs, Trainings of program staff , workshops, survey trainings, evaluation meetings | 371 |
| 3 | Network events | 4 | Crop Insurance study, Workshop on Prime Minister's Crop Insurance Study, network partners meeting on various issues | 61 |



Human Resources Development

Capacity Building of the Staff

The staff are the real pillars of the organization are GSMT always believe in developing the capacities of the staff for the smooth functioning of the organization. Initiatives taken by the organization during the year are reflected in the following table:

| S.N. | Initiatives | Issues Covered | No. of events Conducted | Participants |
|------|--------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Internal Trainings | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring and support system Data Collection processes | 2 | 19 |
| 2 | External Trainings | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Behavior Change Livelihood Promotion Photo and Video Documentation Finance Management Child Rights and Education | 12 | 43 |
| 3 | Workshops | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Group Monitoring | 1 | 2 |
| 4 | Exposure Visits | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Forest Planning Forest Conservation and Management-Jaipur Climate Change- Rajasthan Disability- | 4 | 15 |

Participation in the State and National Level Events

GSMT always believes that the problems cannot be solved in isolation. Over the last few years it is associated with many networks at the State and National level. During the year 2017-18, the Director of GSMT and other core staff participated in the following State level and National level consultations and meetings:

1. Two organization representatives were invited as the State Resource Persons by Maharashtra State Rural Livelihood Mission on the issues of Sustainable Agriculture and Livestock Management
2. Director and the Coordinator participated in the National Level Program on Forest Rights organized by Community Forest Rights Learning Association
3. Director and the Coordinator participated in the National Level Program on non-timber forest produce organized by NTFP EP India

Associations and Networks

GSMT is an active member of the following networks and association at the state and national level:

| |
|--|
| Participatory forest and biodiversity management |
| Vidarbha Livelihood Forum (VLF) |
| Right to Food Campaign, Maharashtra |
| Kisanmitra Central India |
| Central india agrariam livelihood forum |
| Action for Agricultural Renewal in Maharashtra (AFARM), Pune |
| BCPH Network |
| RTE Forum |
| NTFP-EP, India |
| Vikas Sahayog Pratishthan (VSP) |
| VANI Network Delhi |
| Fresh Water Action Network, South Asia (FANSA) |
| Wada Na Todo Abhiyan (WNTA) |
| Child Rights Alliance Central India |
| Jan Arogy Abhiyan |

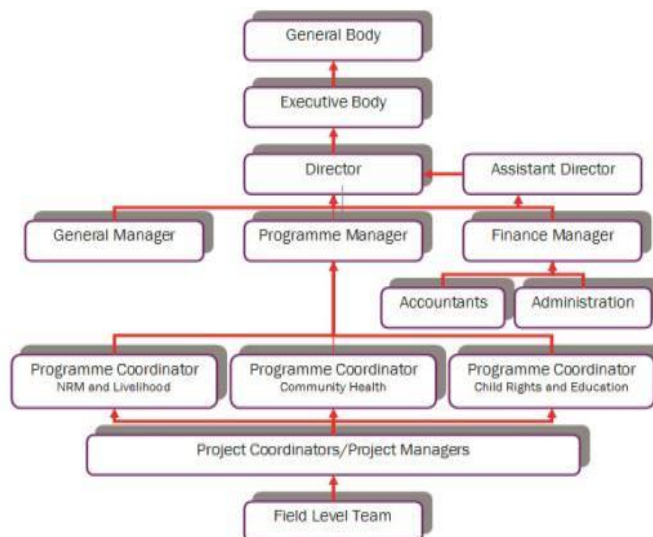
Thematic Project Implementation Details

During the year 2017-18 GSMT implemented following programs with the support from Government, Donor Organisations and CSRs

| S. N. | Project Name | Project Period | Funding Agency |
|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| NRM & LIVELIHOOD | | | |
| 1 | Conservation & Management of forest for sustainable livelihood Yavatmal, Maharashtra | April 2017 to April 2020 | Paul Hamlyn Foundation |
| 2 | Trilogy of Food, Climate Change and Sustainable Development Project | 1st Sept 2016 to 31st March 2018 | CECOEDECON, Rajasthan |
| 3 | Better Cotton Standard System (BCSS) | May 2017 to April 2018 | IKEA through AFPRO |
| 4 | CAIM (Convergence of Agriculture Intervention in Maharashtra) – Maregaon, Wani, Jhari jamni Pusad, Umarkhed, Mahalgaon | Sept 2013 to Aug 2017 | IFAD and state govt |
| 5 | Ensuring food security through addressing migration and Malnutrition | Oct 2014 to Sept 2017 | Department of Science & Technology (DST) |
| 6 | Conservation and Management of NTFP for sustainable livelihood | Dec.2014 to Dec.2018 | Centre For Environment Education(CEE)Delhi |
| 7 | Strengthening Tribal Governance for Conservation and Management of Forest for their Sustainable Livelihood | July 2016 to June 2018 | PNF (Keystone Foundation Tamilnadu) |
| 8 | Building Strong Self Governance Project | 1st Feb 2017 to 31st Jan 2018 | AAUM Trust through Mission Samridhi |
| COMMUNITY HEALTH | | | |
| 9 | TI Migrant, MSM, FSW Project | April 2017 to March 2018 | MSACS, Mumbai |
| 10 | Vihaan Project | Aug 2016 to Dec 2018 | GFATM |
| 11 | Community based Monitoring of Health Service | Aug 2017 to 31st March 2018 | NHM, Mumbai through Sathi Cehat |
| 12 | Community Based Rehabilitation Project and DDPO of person with disability | April 2015 to March 2018 | CBR Forum, Bangalore |
| CHILD RIGHT PROTECTION & QUALITY EDUCATION | | | |
| 13 | Anand BalsadanWani, Chandrapur, Jalka | 1 Jan 2006 .. ongoing | S.MITRA, Netherland |
| 14 | Integrated Child Protection Scheme Child line 1098 | April 2017 to March 2018 | ChildLine India foundation |
| 15 | “English E-teach” Programme | 1st Nov 2016 to 15 Jan. 2019 | The Bombay Community Public Trust |
| 16 | Aflatoun Social and Financial Education Programme | April 2017 to March 2018 | Meljol, Mumbai |
| 17 | Child protection | March 2017 to Dec. 2018 | UNICEF |
| 18 | Late Laxmibai Moghe High School and IBT | 1993 ongoing | State Government and Vigyan Ashram, Pabal (Pune) |
| WOMEN EMPOWERMENT | | | |
| 19 | Enabling Access to financial services for Women farmers | Ongoing | SDTT through Chaitanya, Pune |

Governance and Management

GSMT follows all the practices of Good Governance. Organogram of GSMT reflects the management structure of the organization.



GSMT is governed by the Executive Board for the smooth functioning. The Board Members of GSMT are from diverse background and are specialised in the areas in which GSMT operates.

| S N | Name of Trustee | Designation | Address |
|-----|------------------------|------------------|--|
| 1 | Dr.Kishor Moghe | Chairperson | 16, Sadhankarwadi, Wani, Dist. Yavatmal 445304 |
| 2 | Mr. Rajiv Thorat | Vice Chairperson | Lonara village, Post Gumathi, Tq. Nagpur(rural) Dist. Nagpur 441111 |
| 3 | Ms. Archana Kadu | Treasurer | Kiran Plaza, Flat No 61, Jagdish Nagar, Near Lohara, Yavatmal 445001 |
| 4 | Dr. Anil Lonare | Secretary | VitthalMandir Road, Wardha 442101 |
| 5 | Mrs. SangitaPatil | Joint Secretary | Ward No.2, Tiwsa, Dist. Amravati 444903 |
| 6 | Dr. Dipak Kedar | Member | Vidyut Colony, Chandurbazar, Dist. Amravati |
| 7 | Mr.BhaiyyaGode | Member | Jalka, Tq. Maregaon, Dist.Yavatmal 445303 |
| 8 | Mr. KuntleshwarTurvile | Member | Gaurkar Layout, Behind DattMandir, Wani, Dist.Yavatmal |
| 9 | Ms.VijayaTulshiwar | Member | Istari Nagar, Ghatanji, Dist.Yavatmal 445301 |

Accountability and Transparency

| SN | Registration Under | Registration No. | Date of Registration |
|----|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Society Registration Act 1860 | 2319 | 15/12/1990 |
| 2 | Bombay Public Trust Act 1950 | 2219 | 30/03/1991 |
| 3 | FCRA Registration No. | 84010011 | 30/05/1996 |
| 4 | Income Tax Registration No. (12 -A) | 12A/17/9596/G-546 | 7/9/1995 |
| 5 | Income Tax Exemption No. (80G) | 80G/G-9/0506 | 8/6/2006 |
| 6 | Permanent Account No. | AABTG3295J | 30/3/1991 |
| 7 | TAN | NGPG01963D | 29/3/2007 |
| 8 | Credibility Alliance Accreditation No. | CA/42/2013 | 29/4/2013 |
| 9 | NGO Darpan (NITI Ayog) | MH/2016/0099321 | 28/07/2016 |
| 10 | Food & Drugs Certificate | 21518414000011 | 26/01/2018 |

Staff Details



Financial Turnover

| Financial Years | Income (INR) | Expenditure (INR) |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 15-16 | 31600086.75 | 31600086.75 |
| 16-17 | 28755597.73 | 28755597.73 |
| 17-18 | 33288629.01 | 30003292.74 |

Auditors:

M/S. A.S. Joshi & Associate
Chartered Accountant
Membership No. 133970
213, Near Ambatkar Hospital,
Tikekar Road, Dhantoli,
Nagpur -440012 (M.S.)

Awards:

- Awarded with *Jivan Puraskar* for working in tribal areas – this award was given by Dr. Mohan Dhariya and Prof. Ram Shewalkar at Pune
- Awarded by the *Wani Gaurav Samiti* for establishing educational crèche for children of prostitutes
- Awarded the *VidarbhaVaibhav Award*
- Awarded the *Mother India Award* in 2006
- Awarded by MSACS for the Link Worker Scheme
- Yes Foundation, Award 2018

Financial Statements

THE BOMBAY PUBLIC TRUST, ACT, 1950
SCHEDULE VIII [vide rule 17(1)]

Name of Public Trust : GRAMIN SAMASSYA MUKTI TRUST, YAVATMAL

Registration No.: F-2219 (YAVATMAL)

Balance Sheet as on 31ST MARCH, 2018

| FUNDS AND LIABILITIES | | AMOUNT | AMOUNT | PROPERTY AND ASSETS | AMOUNT | AMOUNT |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | (in Rupees) |
| Trust Funds or Corpus: Balance as per last Balance Sheet | | 5,42,404.00 | | Immovable Properties Balance as per last Balance Sheet | 95,67,760.18 | |
| | Add: Additions during the year | - | 5,42,404.00 | Add: Additions during the year | - | |
| Other Earmarked Funds (Created under the provisions of the trust deed, scheme or out of the income) | | | | Less: Sales during the year | - | 95,67,760.18 |
| | Depreciation Fund | | | Depreciation up to date | - | |
| Sinking Fund | | | | Investments | | |
| Reserve Fund | | | | Furniture & Fixtures | | |
| Capital Assets Fund | 1,32,44,562.05 | | 1,34,17,604.03 | Balance as per last Balance Sheet | 38,60,276.32 | |
| Any Other Project Earmarked Fund (Schedule - A) | 1,73,041.98 | | | Add: Additions during the year | 2,10,095.00 | |
| Loans (Secured or Unsecured) | | | | Less: Sales during the year | - | 40,70,371.32 |
| From Trustees | 10,08,000.75 | | | Depreciation up to date | - | |
| From Others | 19,52,151.00 | | 29,60,151.75 | (Schedule - D) | | |
| (Schedule - B) | | | | Loans (Secured or Unsecured) | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | Advances | | |
| For Expenses | | | | To Trustees | | |
| For Advances | | | | To Employees | | |
| For Rent & Other Deposits | | | | To Contractors | | |
| For Sundry Credit Balances | | | | To Deposits | 8,17,837.00 | |
| For Others - Schedule C | | | | To Others (Schedule E) | 2,96,239.00 | 11,14,076.00 |
| | | | 35,35,227.00 | | | |



| | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|---|--|-----------------------|
| Income and Expenditure Account: Balance as per last Balance Sheet | (31,30,002.79) | | Income Outstanding | | |
| Less : Appropriation, if any | - | | Cash & Bank Balances: | | 58,58,512.76 |
| Add: Surplus as per Income & Expenditure Account | 32,85,336.27 | 1,55,333.48 | Cash in Hand & Bank Balances (Schedule F) | | |
| TOTAL | | 2,06,10,720.26 | TOTAL | | 2,06,10,720.26 |

FOR GRAMIN SAMASSYA MUKTI TRUST, YAVATMAL

[Signature]
TRUSTEES



As per our report of even date
For A.S.JOSHI & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN 130516W

[Signature]
CA. AMIT S. JOSHI
(PARTNER)
M. NO. 133970



Date: 12.09.2018
Place: Yavatmal

Date: 12.09.2018
Place: Yavatmal

THE BOMBAY PUBLIC TRUST, ACT, 1950
SCHEDULE IX [vide rule 17(1)]

Name of Public Trust : GRAMIN SAMASSYA MUKTI TRUST, YAVATMAL

Registration No.: F-2219 (YAVATMAL)

Income & Expenditure Account for the year ended 31ST MARCH, 2018

| | | | | (in Rupees) | |
|---|--------|-------------|---|--------------|----------------|
| EXPENDITURE | AMOUNT | AMOUNT | INCOME | AMOUNT | AMOUNT |
| To Expenditure in respect of properties Rates, Taxes, Cesses Repairs & Maintenance Salaries Insurance Depreciation Other Expenses | | - | By Rent (accrued/realised) | | - |
| To Establishment Expenses: | | 7,11,459.36 | By Interest (accrued/realised) On Securities On Loans On Bank Accounts | | 2,22,081.93 |
| To Remuneration to Trustees | | | By Dividend | | - |
| To Legal Expenses | | | By Donation in cash or kind | | 4,15,013.00 |
| To Audit Fees: | | 67,468.00 | By Grants | | 2,94,39,182.08 |
| To Contribution & Fees | | | By Income from Other Sources | | |
| To Amount Written Off | | | Project Receipts | 3,25,362.00 | |
| a) Bad Debts | | | School Receipts | 35,840.00 | |
| b) Loan Scholarships | | | Training Centre income | 6,68,626.00 | |
| c) Irrecoverable Rents | | | Income Generation Programme | 18,327.00 | |
| d) Other Items | | | Community Contribution | 10,080.00 | |
| To Miscellaneous Expenses | | | Service Cost of Umakhed CAIM Project | 5,90,759.00 | |
| To Depreciation | | | Training and Workshop Receipts | 15,63,036.00 | |
| To Amount Transferred to Reserve or Specific Funds | | | Membership Fees | 322.00 | 32,12,352.00 |
| | | | By Transfer From Reserve | | |



| | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|--|--------------|-----------------------|
| To Expenditure on objects of the trust: | | | | | |
| a) Religious | 1,63,10,600.88 | | | | |
| b) Educational | 80,98,188.50 | | | | |
| c) Medical Relief | 1,37,793.00 | | | | |
| d) Drought Relief | | | | | |
| e) Other Charitable Objects | 46,77,783.00 | 2,92,24,365.38 | | | |
| To Surplus for the year carried over to Balance Sheet: | | 32,85,336.27 | | | |
| TOTAL | | 3,32,88,629.01 | | TOTAL | 3,32,88,629.01 |

FOR GRAMIN SAMASSYA MUKTI TRUST, YAVATMAL

[Signature]

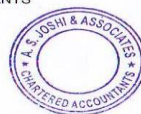
TRUSTEES



As per our report of even date
For A.S. JOSHI & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

FRN 130516W

[Signature]
CA. AMIT S. JOSHI
(PARTNER)
M. NO. 133970



Date: 12.09.2018
Place: Yavatmal

Date: 12.09.2018
Place: Yavatmal



Pachore Village Takes Steps For Self-Governance, Forms Panel For Managing Resources

Pachore Village Takes Steps For Self-Governance, Forms Panel For Managing Resources

Abha Kumbhakar

Pachore in Khadi district is a picturesque village spread across 2,500 acres of land, inhabited by 150 tribal families of the primitive Khasi tribe. Although the bamboo has been used in traditional houses, doors and other articles made of bamboo, it has only been about a year since the village was granted 1,100 hectares of land under Forest Rights Act, but the transformation has been slow.

The villagers are now ready with a detailed plan of their vision for preservation and

LAND GRANTED UNDER FOREST ACT HELPS villagers explore creative side

twice in a day, and seeing new things with old eyes.

A bamboo basket is made in the village, and the bamboo is used in many ways. The bamboo is used in many ways, and the bamboo is used in many ways.

The bamboo is used in many ways, and the bamboo is used in many ways. The bamboo is used in many ways, and the bamboo is used in many ways.

TAKING DEEP ROOTS

In Pachore village, in the heart of the forest, the bamboo is used in many ways. The bamboo is used in many ways, and the bamboo is used in many ways.

The bamboo is used in many ways, and the bamboo is used in many ways. The bamboo is used in many ways, and the bamboo is used in many ways.



शेकडो दिव्यांग धडकले जिल्हाधिकारी कार्यालयावर



जिल्हाधिकारी कार्यालयावर धडकलेला दिव्यांगांचा मोर्चा.

प्रतिनिधी | यवतमाळ

दिव्यांगांसाठी राज्य शासनाच्या अनेक योजना आहे. मात्र, जिल्हा व तालुकास्तरावर अधिकारी अंमलबजावणी करीत नसल्यामुळे या योजनेच्या लाभपासून दिव्यांग बांधव वंचित राहत आहे. त्यामुळे वर्चस्वात न्याय मिळवून देण्यासाठी दिव्यांग संघर्ष समितीने बुधवारी जिल्हाधिकारी कार्यालयावर धडक दिली.

येथील वसस्थानक चौकातील डॉ. बाबासाहेब आंबेडकर यांच्या पुतळ्यापासून दिव्यांग संघर्ष समितीचा मोर्चा निघाला. यात जिल्हाभरातून दिव्यांग बांधव दिव्यांगांकडे होणाऱ्या दुर्लक्षाचा निषेध नोंदविला. जिल्हा परिषद, ग्रामपंचायत, नगरपालिका, नगरपंचायतीकडे दिव्यांगांच्या विकासाकरिता तीन टक्के निधी राखीव ठेवण्याचे आदेश आहेत. मात्र, हा निधी अद्यापही खर्च झाला नाही. या प्रकरणी संबंधितांवर तक्रार कारवाई करण्याची मागणी त्यांनी निवेदनातून केली. त्याचबरोबर ऑनलाईन प्रमाणपत्रासाठी शेकडो येरझारा मारल्यानंतर त्यांना प्रमाणपत्र मिळते. दिव्यांगांचा हा

त्रास टाळण्यासाठी विशेष व्यवस्था करण्याची मागणी त्यांनी केली. दिव्यांगांसाठी असलेल्या सायकली त्यांना मिळत नाही त्या मिळाव्यात. सर्व तालुक्यातील संजय गांधी निराधार समितीवर दिव्यांगांची निवड करावी. तसेच या दरम्यान २५० दिव्यांगांनी घरकुलासाठी अर्ज सादर केले. यावेळी जी.पी.एफ.मध्ये नोंद करण्याचे आश्वासन जिल्हाधिकारी यांनी दिव्यांग बांधवांना दिले. तसेच नगरपंचायत, नगरपालिका, ग्रामिण विकास अधिकारी यांच्याकडे अर्ज पाठवून मंजूर करण्यात येईल, असेही जिल्हाधिकाऱ्यांनी सांगितले.

बाल संरक्षण समिती सोडविणार बालकांचे प्रश्न

लोकमत न्यूज नेटवर्क

महाराष्ट्र पाल संरक्षण प्रमाणपत्रावर प्राप्तीस प्राप्त झाली. यात बाल संरक्षण समितीची अद्ययावत नियोजनेचा पडसून कार्यवाही नव्याने सुरू झाली.

संस्थेच्या अध्यक्षपदावरून निवृत्ती झाल्यानंतर विवेक पांडे यांनी, प्रमुख प्राध्यापक नारायण देवगिराकर यांच्या अध्यक्षतेखाली बैठक झाली. या बैठकीत बाल संरक्षण समितीची अद्ययावत नियोजनेचा पडसून कार्यवाही नव्याने सुरू झाली.

लोकमत



विद्यार्थ्यांची बँकेला क्षेत्रभेट

यणी - अफलातीन कार्यक्रम महाराष्ट्र प्राथमिक शिक्षण परिषद मुंबई यांच्या सहकार्याने मेलजोल संस्था व प्राप्तीस प्राप्त झाली. यात बाल संरक्षण समितीची अद्ययावत नियोजनेचा पडसून कार्यवाही नव्याने सुरू झाली.

संस्थेच्या अध्यक्षपदावरून निवृत्ती झाल्यानंतर विवेक पांडे यांनी, प्रमुख प्राध्यापक नारायण देवगिराकर यांच्या अध्यक्षतेखाली बैठक झाली. या बैठकीत बाल संरक्षण समितीची अद्ययावत नियोजनेचा पडसून कार्यवाही नव्याने सुरू झाली.

पिंपळखुटी येथे आरोग्य तपासणी

पांढरकवडा - प्राप्तीस प्राप्त झाली. यात बाल संरक्षण समितीची अद्ययावत नियोजनेचा पडसून कार्यवाही नव्याने सुरू झाली.

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दिव्यांगांच्या विकासाकरिता तीन टक्के निधी राखीव ठेवण्याचे आदेश आहेत. मात्र, हा निधी अद्यापही खर्च झाला नाही. या प्रकरणी संबंधितांवर तक्रार कारवाई करण्याची मागणी त्यांनी निवेदनातून केली. त्याचबरोबर ऑनलाईन प्रमाणपत्रासाठी शेकडो येरझारा मारल्यानंतर त्यांना प्रमाणपत्र मिळते. दिव्यांगांचा हा

त्रास टाळण्यासाठी विशेष व्यवस्था करण्याची मागणी त्यांनी केली. दिव्यांगांसाठी असलेल्या सायकली त्यांना मिळत नाही त्या मिळाव्यात. सर्व तालुक्यातील संजय गांधी निराधार समितीवर दिव्यांगांची निवड करावी. तसेच या दरम्यान २५० दिव्यांगांनी घरकुलासाठी अर्ज सादर केले. यावेळी जी.पी.एफ.मध्ये नोंद करण्याचे आश्वासन जिल्हाधिकारी यांनी दिव्यांग बांधवांना दिले. तसेच नगरपंचायत, नगरपालिका, ग्रामिण विकास अधिकारी यांच्याकडे अर्ज पाठवून मंजूर करण्यात येईल, असेही जिल्हाधिकाऱ्यांनी सांगितले.

अनाथ सोनू को मिला जीवनसाथी

भारस्कर

बच्चों की सहायता के लिए कारगर साबित हुई चाइल्ड हेल्पलाइन

आजकाल अनाथ बच्चों की सहायता के लिए कारगर साबित हुई चाइल्ड हेल्पलाइन. यह लाइन बच्चों की समस्याओं को दूर करने में मदद करती है।

2021 में चाइल्ड हेल्पलाइन ने बच्चों की सहायता के लिए कारगर साबित हुई चाइल्ड हेल्पलाइन. यह लाइन बच्चों की समस्याओं को दूर करने में मदद करती है।

सारे शहर ने दिया शुभाशीष

जयश्री विनी

यणी, 14 साल पहले यणी के अनाथ बाल सदन में आगे सोनू ने कवि शेर सोनू को यणी शहर के अनाथ बाल सदन में सौंपा था। यणी शहर के अनाथ बाल सदन में सौंपा था।

देशकर दंपति ने तय कराया विवाह

1 महीने ने सोनू को आनंद बाल सदन पहुंचाया था. सभी से सोनू सदन ही सोनू का घर-परिवार बन गया था. 8 साल तक बाल सदन में ही उसकी पढ़ाई हुई. 10 साल पूर्व जब उसने दूरदर्शन पर दिखाया तो देशकर दंपति ने सोनू को सौंपा था.

विधायक बोदकुरवार सहित कई प्रतिष्ठित हुए शामिल

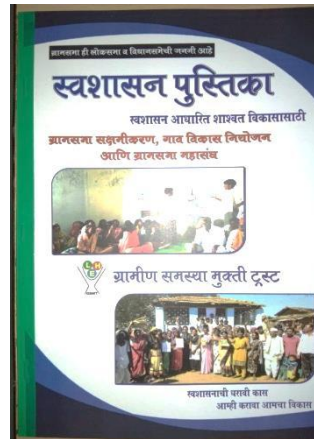
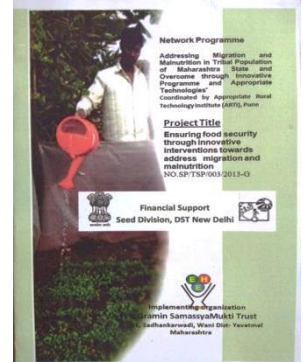
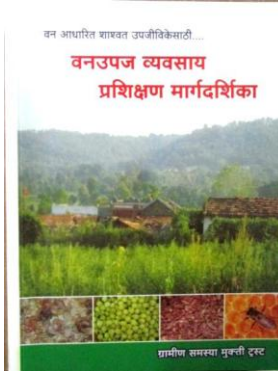
देशकर दंपति के प्रसन्न से शही की शरीर तय हुए और 27 जनवरी को अंत्य संस्कार दया. शहर के अनेक प्रतिष्ठित नागरिकों के बीच धूमधाम था. विवाह समारोह में विधायक संजयकुमार बोदकुरवार, पूर्व नगरपालिका संजय देशकर, शिवसेना के सुनील काकडे प्रमुख रूप से उपस्थित थे. शहर के अनेक सामाजिक कार्यकर्ता ने उद्बोधों में आर्थिक मदद की. शही हाल व बेटीग को खर्च करके इन्टरनेशनल रूप ने उठाया. इस अवसर पर अनाथ सोनू को सौंपा था. के रूप में अनाथों को पुनर्जीवित करके बचाने के लिए विचार कर रहे हैं. देशकर दंपति ने सोनू को सौंपा था.

भीगी पलकों से किया विदा

शही के बाद आनंद सदन के सभी सदस्यों ने देशकर परिवार ने अनाथ बाल सोनू को भीगी पलकों से विदा किया. यणी सोनू की आंखों में भी आनंद सदन के अनेक परिवार को सौंपा था. के रूप में अनाथों को पुनर्जीवित करके बचाने के लिए विचार कर रहे हैं. देशकर दंपति ने सोनू को सौंपा था.

GSMT Publications

Natural Resource Management and livelihood



परसबाग (सुपोषण वाटिका)

मार्गदर्शिका



आर्थिक सहयोग -

Seed Division, Department of Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and

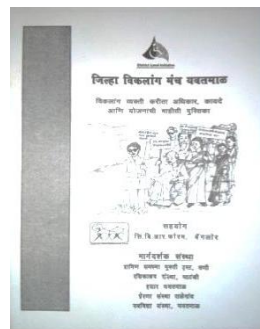
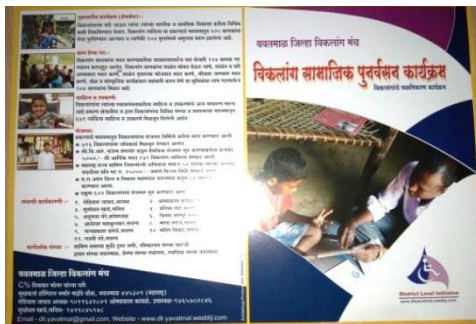
Technology

नेटवर्क संघालन - आरटी, पुणे

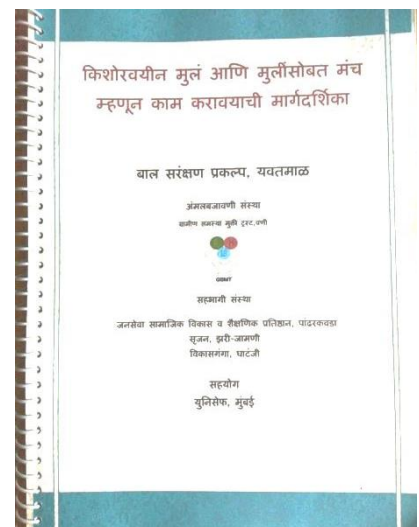
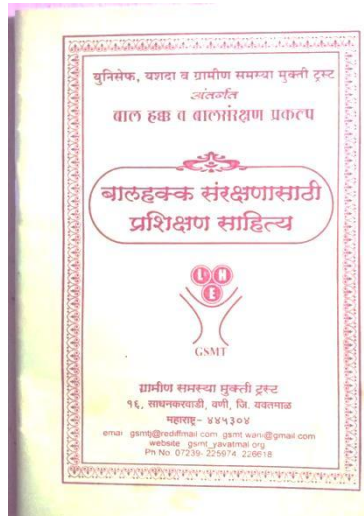
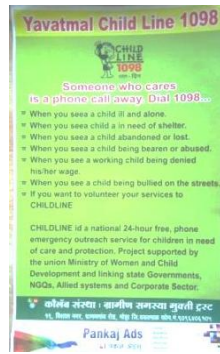
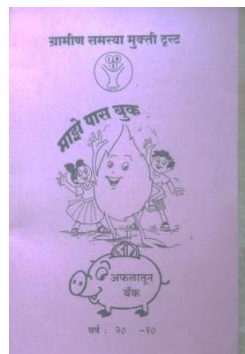
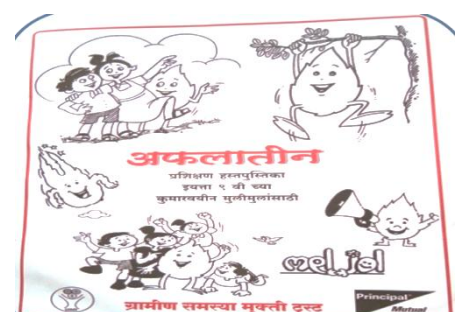
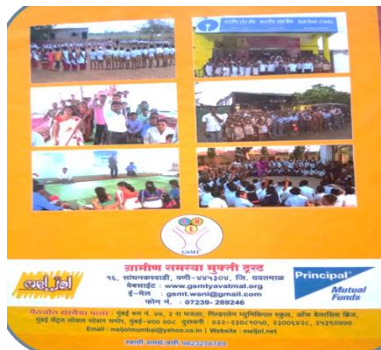
ग्रामीण समस्या मुक्ती ट्रस्ट, १६ साधनकर वाडी, वणी, जि. यवतमाळ.

| प्रकार | विवरण | प्रकार | विवरण | प्रकार | विवरण |
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Community Health.



Child Right Protection and Quality Education



Abbreviations Used

| | |
|----------|--|
| | |
| GSMT | Gramin Samassya Mukti Trust |
| MSACS | Maharashtra State Aids Control Society |
| HIV/AIDS | Human Immune Deficiency Virus/ Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome |
| STI | Sexually Transmitted Infection |
| FSW | Female Sex Worker |
| MSM | Male having Sex with Male |
| ESG | Emotional Support & Guidance |
| CBO | Community based Organization |
| LEISA | Low External Input Sustainable Agriculture |
| IPM | Integrated Pest Management |
| INM | Integrated Nutrient Management |
| GOI | Government of India |
| CFR | Community Forest Rights |
| CFRMC | Community Forest Rights Management Committee |
| FRA | Forest Rights Act |
| NTFP | Non-Timber Forest Produce |
| VDPO | Village Disabled People's Organization |
| BDPO | Block Disabled People's Organization |
| DDPO | District Disabled People's Organization |
| PwDs | People with Disabilities |
| PHC | Primary Health Center |
| CSR | Corporate Social Responsibility |
| CAIM | Convergence of Agriculture Interventions in Maharashtra |
| TI | Targeted Interventions |
| CBR | Community Based Rehabilitation |
| IBT | Information Basic Technology |
| MGNREGS | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guaranty Scheme |
| PFA/CSA | Protection for abuse/ Child sexual abuse |
| BCPC | Block Level Child Protection Committee |
| VCPC | Village Level Child Protection Committee |
| LFU | Last Follow up |
| ART | Anti-Retroviral Therapy |
| TB | Tuberculosis |
| RPD act | The Rights of Person with Disabilities act 2016 |
| | |

CONTACT US

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